

Metadata for Forward (Ecosystem) Model Intercomparison:
 Site Model Data Comparison and Regional Model Data Comparison:
 Survey Results

Replace with [Summary](#) [Chart](#)

Detailed results from 33 survey records:
 16 Site Models, 10 Regional Models, 7 Both Site and Regional

| Model | Inputs | Outputs |
|---|--|--|
| <p>General Information</p> <p>Model ID/Extent: 4/Region Model Acronym: TEM Model Name: Terrestrial Ecosystem Model Institution Name: University of Alaska Fairbanks Institution URL: http://picea.sel.uaf.edu/ Contact Name: A. David McGuire Contact E-mail: ffadm@uaf.edu</p> <p><i>Cite as:</i> McGuire, A.D., S. Sitch, J.S. Clein, R. Dargaville, G. Esser, J. Foley, M. Heimann, F. Joos, J. Kaplan, D.W. Kicklighter, R.A. Meier, J.M. Melillo, B. Moore III, I.C. Prentice, N. Ramankutty, T. Reichenau, A. Schloss, H. Tian, L.J. Williams, and U. Wittenberg. 2001. Carbon balance of the terrestrial biosphere in the twentieth century: Analyses of CO₂, climate and land-use effects with four process-based ecosystem models. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> 15:183-206. Felzer, B., D. Kicklighter, J. Melillo, C. Wang, Q. Zhuang and R. Prinn (2004) Effects of ozone on net primary production and carbon sequestration in the conterminous United States using a biogeochemistry model. <i>Tellus</i> 56B, 230-248. Euskirchen, E. S., A. D. McGuire, D. W. Kicklighter, Q. Zhuang, J. S. Clein, R. J. Dargaville, D. G. Dye, J. S. Kimball, K. C. McDonald, J. M. Melillo, V. E. Romanovsky and N. V. Smith (2006) Importance of recent shifts in soil thermal dynamics on growing season length, productivity and carbon sequestration in terrestrial high-latitude ecosystems. <i>Global Change Biology</i> 12(4), 731-750, doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2486.2006.01113.x. Balshi, M. S., A. D. McGuire, Q. Zhuang, J. Melillo, D. W. Kicklighter, E. Kasischke, C. Wirth, M. Flannigan, J. Harden, J. S. Clein, T. J. Burnside, J. McAllister, W. A. Kurz, M. Apps and A. Shvidenko (2007) The role of historical fire disturbance in the carbon dynamics of the pan-boreal region: a process-based analysis. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> 112, G02029, doi: 10.1029/2006JG000380.</p> <p>Spatial Information</p> <p>Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 0.5 Grid: 9,843 Upper Left Lat: 83 Upper Left Lon: -178 Lower Right Lat: 45 Lower Right Lon: 179.5</p> <p>Temporal Information</p> <p>Model Begin Date: 2000-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information</p> <p>Dynamic Veg Pools: 1 Vegetation C (VEGC) Dynamic Soil Pools: 2 Soil Reactive C (SOILORGC) Dissolved Organic C (DOC) Static Soil Pools: 1 Deep Layer Soil C</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: CRU / NCEP Temporal:</p> <p>Temperature: Source: CRU / NCEP Temporal:</p> <p>Solar Radiation: Source: CRU / NCEP Temporal:</p> <p>Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Dynamic Source: Loveland et al. 2000; Hurtt et al., 2006</p> <p>Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: IGBP-DIS</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Ozone (AOT40); AET</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) Soil Texture AET</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Subsurface Drainage Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Specific Humidity (Qair) disregard Qair (accidental click that I can't seem to remove); AET</p> |

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| <p>Steady State Span: -50000101 - 10001231 Steady State Initial: 1001-01-01</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Other(s) (please specify):</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 2 SNOWPACK SOILH2O Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires: From Observations Disturbances by Uses: From Observations Disturbances by Harvests: From Observations</p> | | |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 5/Region Model Acronym: MCI Model Name: MAPSS-CENTURY DYNAMIC GENERAL VEGETATION MODEL Institution Name: USDA Forest Service Pacific Northwest Research Station Institution URL: www.fs.fed.us/pnw/corvallis/mdr/mapss Contact Name: Ronald P. Neilson Contact E-mail: rneilson@fs.fed.us Cite as: Bachelet, D., J.M. Lenihan, C. Daly, R.P. Neilson, D.S. Ojima, W.J. Parton. 2000. MCI: A dynamic vegetation model for estimating the distribution of vegetation and associated ecosystem fluxes of carbon, nutrients, and water. USDA General Technical Report PNW-GTR-508. 95 pp.</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 0.5 Grid: 5520 Upper Left Lat: 49 Upper Left Lon: -124.5 Lower Right Lat: 25 Lower Right Lon: -67</p> <p>Temporal Information Model Begin Date: 1895-01-01 Model End Date: 2007-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 7 grass shoots grass roots tree leaves tree fine branches tree coarse branches tree fine roots tree coarse roots Steady State Initial: 1895-01-01</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Annual Fraction of GPP/NPP Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Vapor Pressure Deficit Actual Evaporation (Evap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 10</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: PRISM Temporal: Temperature: Source: PRISM Temporal: Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: PRISM Temporal: Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Dynamic Source: Not Applicable (Dynamic) Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: STATSGO</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Vapor Pressure Deficit Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Dissolved Inorganic/Organic Carbon Loss Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Vapor Pressure Deficit Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) Soil Texture</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Organic Matter Content Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Vapor Pressure Deficit</p> |

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| <p>1-15 cm 16-30 cm 31-45 cm 46-60 cm 61-90 cm 91-120 cm 121-150 cm 151-180 cm 181-210 cm 211-240 cm</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture Carbon Dependent</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Simulations</p> | | <p>Actual Evaporation (Evap)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 6/Site Model Acronym: LPJml Model Name: LPJ Managed Lands Institution Name: Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research Institution URL: www.pik-potsdam.de Contact Name: Ben Poulter Contact E-mail: ben.poulter@pik-potsdam.de</p> <p>Cite as: Gerten, D, S Schaphoff, U Haberlandt, W Lucht, and S Sitch. 2004. Terrestrial vegetation and water balance - hydrological evaluation of a dynamic global vegetation model. Journal of Hydrology 286:249-270. Sitch, S, B Smith, IC Prentice, A Arneeth, A Bondeau, W Cramer, JO Kaplan, S Lewis, W Lucht, MT Sykes, K Thonicke, and S Venevsky. 2003. Evaluation of ecosystem dynamics, plant geography and terrestrial carbon cycling in the LPJ dynamic global vegetation model. Global Change Biology 9:161-185.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Daily Model Begin Date: 0000-00-00 Model End Date: 0000-00-00</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 3 Vegetation carbon Litter carbon Soil carbon</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 2 Intermediate Slow</p> <p>Steady State Span: 10000101-19010101</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 2 Upper Lower</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Simulations Disturbances by Uses From Observations Disturbances by Crops From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Simulations</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO₂ (CO2air) fPAR</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Irrigation Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 8/Region Model Acronym: MOD17 Model Name: MODIS GPP/NPP algorithm (modified for Great Lakes Region) Institution Name: University of Minnesota</p> | <p>Temperature: Source: SOGS Temporal: Other (please specify):</p> <p>Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: SOGS Temporal: Other (please specify):</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Light Use Efficiency Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)</p> |

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| <p>Institution URL: cheas.psu.edu</p> <p>Contact Name: Bruce Cook</p> <p>Contact E-mail: brucecook@umn.edu</p> <p>Cook, B. D., P. V. Bolstad, F. A. Heinsch, K. J. Davis, W. Wang, R. M. Teclaw, and D. D. Baumann. Cloudiness and water table measurements improve MODIS GPP predictions in a shrub wetland. Journal of Geophysical Research (accepted). Cook, B. D., P. V. Bolstad, J. G. Martin, F. A. Heinsch, K. J. Davis, W. Wang, A. R. Desai, and R. M. Teclaw. 2008. Using light-use and production efficiency models to predict forest production and carbon exchange during canopy disturbance events. Ecosystems 11:26-44. Cook, B. D., P. V. Bostad, E. Næset, R. S. Anderson, S. Garrigues, J. Morissette, J. Nickeson, and K. J. Davis. Using LiDAR and Quickbird data to model plant production and quantify uncertainties associated with wetland detection and land cover generalizations. Remote Sensing of Environment (accepted with revisions). Heinsch, F.A., M. Zhao, S.W. Running, J.S. Kimball, R.R. Nemani, K.J. Davis, P.V. Bolstad, B.D. Cook, A.R. Desai, D.M. Ricciuto, B.E. Law, W.C. Oechel, H. Kwon, H. Luo, S.C. Wofsy, A.L. Dunn, J.W. Munger, D.D. Baldocchi, L. Xu, D.Y. Hollinger, A.D. Richardson, P.C. Stoy, M.B.S. Siqueira, R.K. Monson, S. Burns, and L.B. Flanagan. 2006. Evaluation of remote sensing based terrestrial productivity from MODIS using AmeriFlux tower eddy flux network observations. IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing 44:1908-1925.</p> <p>Spatial Information</p> <p>Spatial Projection: Lat Lon</p> <p>Spatial Resolution: 30</p> <p>Upper Left Lat: 46.53</p> <p>Upper Left Lon: -91.32</p> <p>Lower Right Lat: 45.35</p> <p>Lower Right Lon: -88.9</p> <p>Temporal Information</p> <p>Temporal Resolution: Daily</p> <p>Model Begin Date: 2001-01-01</p> <p>Model End Date: 2007-12-31</p> <p>Leaf Information</p> <p>Calc Method: LAI Specified with Remotely Sensed Product</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) LAI EVI NDVI fPAR</p> <p>Disturbance Information</p> <p>Disturbances by Uses From Observations</p> <p>Disturbances by Disasters From Observations</p> <p>Disturbances by Harvests From Observations</p> <p>Disturbances by Pests From Observations</p> | <p>Solar Radiation:</p> <p>Source: SOGS</p> <p>Temporal: Other (please specify):</p> <p>NDVI:</p> <p>Source: MODIS</p> <p>Temporal: Daily</p> <p>EVI:</p> <p>Source: MODIS</p> <p>Temporal: Daily</p> <p>LAI:</p> <p>Source: airborne LiDAR; empirical VI relationships; sub-canopy observations</p> <p>Temporal: 8-day</p> <p>fPAR:</p> <p>Source: airborne LiDAR; empirical VI relationships; sub-canopy observations</p> <p>Temporal: 8-day</p> <p>Vegetation Distribution/Properties:</p> <p>Type: Dynamic</p> <p>Source: IGBP (MOD12.Q1)</p> <p>Soil Distribution/Properties:</p> <p>Source: STATSGO</p> | <p>Vapor Pressure Deficit</p> <p>Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>LAI</p> <p>EVI</p> <p>NDVI</p> <p>fPAR</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp)</p> <p>Calc Method: Proportional to Growth</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP)</p> <p>Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration</p> |
| <p>General Information</p> <p>Model ID/Extent: 9/Site</p> <p>Model Acronym: ecosys</p> <p>Model Name: ecosys</p> <p>Institution Name: Department of Renewable Resources, University of Alberta</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP)</p> <p>Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)</p> |

Institution URL: <http://www.ales.ualberta.ca/rr/>
 Contact Name: Robert Grant
 Contact E-mail: robert.grant@ualberta.ca
 Grant R.F., Arkebauer T.J., Dobermann A., Hubbard K.G., Schimelfenig T.T., Suyker A.E., Verma S.B. and Walters, D.T. 2007. Net biome productivity of irrigated and rainfed maize – soybean rotations: modelling vs. measurements. *Agronomy Journal* 99:1404-1423. Grant, R.F., Barr, A.G., Black, T.A. Iwashita, H. Kidson, J., McCaughey, H., Morgenstern, K., Murayama, S., Nescic, Z., Saigusa, N., Shashkov, A., and Zha, T., 2007. Net ecosystem productivity of boreal jack pine stands regenerating from clearcutting under current and future climates *Global Change Biol.* 13:1423-1440. Grant, R. F., and L. B. Flanagan. 2007. Modeling stomatal and nonstomatal effects of water deficits on CO2 fixation in a semiarid grassland, *J. Geophys. Res.* 112:G03011, doi:10.1029/2006JG000302. Grant, R.F., Black, T.A., Humphreys, E.R., and Morgenstern, K. 2007. Changes in net ecosystem productivity with forest age following clearcutting of a coastal Douglas fir forest: testing a mathematical model with eddy covariance measurements along a forest chronosequence. *Tree Physiology.* 27:115-131.

Temporal Information

Temporal Resolution: Other
 Other: internal time steps for water and gas exchange are smaller
 Model Begin Date: 0000-00-00
 Model End Date: 0000-00-00

Carbon Information

Dynamic Veg Pools: 9
 leaf
 twig, petiole or sheath
 bole or stem
 reproductive material
 seed
 non-structural reserves in bole or stem
 non-structural reserves in leaves
 roots
 non-structural reserves in roots

Dynamic Soil Pools: 9
 woody plant litter
 non-woody plant litter
 animal manure
 POC
 humus
 DOC for each of #1-5
 adsorbed C for each of #1-5
 microbial biomass for each of #1-5
 microbial residues for each of #1-5

Leaf Information

Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy
 Function(s) Used: Vapor Pressure Deficit
 Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)

Soil Layer Information

Soil Layers: 15
 all layer depths and properties are user-selected up to 20
 all layer depths and properties are user-selected up to 20
 all layer depths and properties are user-selected up to 20
 all layer depths and properties are user-selected up to 20

Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)
 Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown)
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
 CO2 (CO2air)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)
 LAI
Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp)
 Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated
 Function(s) Used: Anaerobic Decay (Methane Production)
 CO2 Diffusion
 Dissolved Inorganic/Organic Carbon Loss
 Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)
 Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown)
 Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)
 Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)
Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp)
 Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA)
 Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)
 Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)
 maintenance and growth respiration explicitly calculated
Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp)
 Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)
Net Primary Production (NPP)
 Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration
Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE)
 Calc Method: GPP - Ecosystem Respiration
Total Evapotranspiration (Evap)
 Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)
 Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown)
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
 from first order closure of canopy and soil surface energy balances
Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff
 Subsurface Drainage
 Irrigation
 Water Vapor Diffusion through Soil
 Hydraulic Redistribution
 Water Table
 Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay)
 Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)
 Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Precipitation (Rain+Snow)
 Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)
 Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown)
 Vapor Pressure Deficit

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| Disturbances by Crops Disturbances by Harvests | From Observations From Simulations | | Specific Humidity (Qair) Actual Evaporation (Evap) |
| General Information Model ID/Extent: 11/Region Model Acronym: TEM Model Name: The Terrestrial Ecosystem Model Institution Name: University of Alaska Fairbanks Institution URL: http://picea.sel.uaf.edu/ Contact Name: A. David McGuire Contact E-mail: ffadm@uaf.edu McGuire, A.D., S. Sitch, J.S. Clein, R. Dargaville, G. Esser, J. Foley, M. Heimann, F. Joos, J. Kaplan, D.W. Kicklighter, R.A. Meier, J.M. Melillo, B. Moore III, I.C. Prentice, N. Ramankutty, T. Reichenau, A. Schloss, H. Tian, L.J. Williams, and U. Wittenberg. 2001. Carbon balance of the terrestrial biosphere in the twentieth century: Analyses of CO2, climate and land-use effects with four process-based ecosystem models. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> 15:183-206. Felzer, B., D. Kicklighter, J. Melillo, C. Wang, Q. Zhuang and R. Prinn (2004) Effects of ozone on net primary production and carbon sequestration in the conterminous United States using a biogeochemistry model. <i>Tellus</i> 56B, 230-248. Euskirchen, E. S., A. D. McGuire, D. W. Kicklighter, Q. Zhuang, J. S. Clein, R. J. Dargaville, D. G. Dye, J. S. Kimball, K. C. McDonald, J. M. Melillo, V. E. Romanovsky and N. V. Smith (2006) Importance of recent shifts in soil thermal dynamics on growing season length, productivity and carbon sequestration in terrestrial high-latitude ecosystems. <i>Global Change Biology</i> 12(4), 731-750, doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2486.2006.01113.x. Balsli, M. S., A. D. McGuire, Q. Zhuang, J. Melillo, D. W. Kicklighter, E. Kasischke, C. Wirth, M. Flannigan, J. Harden, J. S. Clein, T. J. Burnside, J. McAllister, W. A. Kurz, M. Apps and A. Shvidenko (2007) The role of historical fire disturbance in the carbon dynamics of the pan-boreal region: a process-based analysis. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> 112, G02029, doi: 10.1029/2006JG000380. | | Precipitation: Source: CRU / NCEP Temporal: Monthly Temperature: Source: CRU / NCEP Temporal: Monthly Solar Radiation: Source: CRU / NCEP Temporal: Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Dynamic Source: Loveland et al., 2000; Hurr et al., 2006 Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: IGBP-DIS | Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO2 (CO2air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) AET, Ozone (AOT40) Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp) Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) AET Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Subsurface Drainage Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) AET |
| Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 0.5 Grid: 9843 Upper Left Lat: 83 Upper Left Lon: -178 Lower Right Lat: 45 Lower Right Lon: 179.5 Temporal Information Model Begin Date: 2000-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-31 Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 1 VEGC Dynamic Soil Pools: 2 SOILORGC DOC Static Soil Pools: 1 NONSOILC Steady State Span: -50000101 Steady State Initial: 1000-12-31 Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) | | | |

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| <p>Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Other(s) (please specify):</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 2 SOILH2O SNOWPACK</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Observations Disturbances by Uses From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Observations</p> | | |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 12/Both Site and Region Model Acronym: DLEM Model Name: Dynamic Land Ecosystem Model Institution Name: Auburn University Institution URL: http://www.sfw.s.auburn.edu/esra/ Contact Name: Hanqin Tian Contact E-mail: tianhan@auburn.edu</p> <p>Cite as: Tian, H.Q. X. Xu, C. Zhang, W. Ren, G. Chen, M. Liu, D. Lu and S. Pan. (2008) Forecasting and Assessing the Large-scale and Long-term Impacts of Global Environmental Change on Terrestrial Ecosystems in the United States and China. In: S. Miao, S. Carstenn, and M. Nungesser (Eds), <i>Real World Ecology: large-scale and long-term case studies and methods</i>. Springer-Verlag, New York. Ren, W., H. Tian, M. Liu, C. Zhang, G. Chen, S. Pan, B. Felzer, and X. Xu (2007), Effects of tropospheric ozone pollution on net primary productivity and carbon storage in terrestrial ecosystems of China, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i>, 112, D22S09, doi:10.1029/2007JD008521. Liu, M., H. Tian, G. Chen, W. Ren, C. Zhang, and J. Liu (2008) Effects of land use and land cover change on evapotranspiration and water yield in China during the 20th century, <i>Journal of the American Water Resources Association</i>, Vol. 44 (5).</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Other Other: ALBERS Spatial Resolution: 32 Grid: 21580 Upper Left Lat: 83.5 Upper Left Lon: -171.5 Lower Right Lat: 14.5 Lower Right Lon: -52.5</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Daily Model Begin Date: 2000-01-01 Model End Date: 2005-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 6 Leave sapwood heartwood coarse root fine root labile</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 3 Litter (very labile, Labile, resistance, coarse woody debris) Microbe Soil organic matter (labile, slow, humus)</p> <p>Steady State Span: 19790101-19991231 Steady State Initial: 2000-01-01</p> <p>Leaf Information</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: NARR Temporal:</p> <p>Temperature: Source: NARR Temporal:</p> <p>Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: NARR Temporal:</p> <p>Solar Radiation: Source: NARR Temporal:</p> <p>LAI: Source: MODIS Temporal:</p> <p>Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Fixed Actual Source: IGBP (MOD12.Q1)</p> <p>Soil Distribution/Properties:</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity CO2 (CO2air) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) LAI</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Irrigation Hydraulic Redistribution Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> <p>Other: Fluxes of CH4 and N2O</p> |

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| <p>Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity CO₂ (CO₂air) LAI</p> <p>Soil Layer Information</p> <p>Soil Layers: 2 0-50 50-150</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> <p>Disturbance Information</p> <p>Disturbances by Fires From Observations Disturbances by Uses From Observations Disturbances by Crops From Observations Disturbances by Disasters From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Observations</p> | | |
| <p>General Information</p> <p>Model ID/Extent: 13/Region Model Acronym: EPIC Model Name: Environmental Policy Integrated Climate Pacific Northwest National Laboratory at Joint Global Change Research Institute Institution Name: Joint Global Change Research Institute Institution URL: www.globalchange.umd.edu Contact Name: R. César Izaurralde Contact E-mail: cesar.izaurralde@pnl.gov Williams, J.R. 1995. The EPIC model. In: V.P. Singh, (Ed.), Computer Models of Watershed Hydrology. Water Resources Publications, Highlands Ranch, CO, pp. 909-1000. Cite as: Izaurralde, R.C., J.R. Williams, W.B. McGill, N.J. Rosenberg, and M.C. Quiroga Jakas. 2006. Simulating soil C dynamics with EPIC: Model description and testing against long-term data. Ecol. Modelling 192:362-384.</p> <p>Spatial Information</p> <p>Spatial Projection: Other Other: Point model that can be run at site and small watershed scale</p> <p>Spatial Resolution: 1 Upper Left Lat: 0 Upper Left Lon: 0 Lower Right Lat: 0 Lower Right Lon: 0</p> <p>Temporal Information</p> <p>Temporal Resolution: Daily Model Begin Date: 1941-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information</p> <p>Dynamic Veg Pools: 3 Crop yield Aboveground biomass Root biomass</p> <p>Soil Layer Information</p> <p>Soil Layers: 15 Variable depth Variable depth</p> | <p>Precipitation:</p> <p>Source: Weather generator, station data, NCDC, NCEP Reanalysis</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Temperature:</p> <p>Source: Weather generator, station data, NCDC, NCEP Reanalysis</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit)</p> <p>Source: Weather generator, station data, NCDC, NCEP Reanalysis</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Wind Speed:</p> <p>Source: Weather generator, station data, NCDC, NCEP Reanalysis</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Solar Radiation:</p> <p>Source: Weather generator, station data, NCDC, NCEP Reanalysis</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>LAI:</p> <p>Source: Calculated</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>fPAR:</p> <p>Source: Calculated</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Vegetation Distribution/Properties:</p> <p>Type: Dynamic</p> <p>Source: EPIC simulates up to 100 crops and plant species including native species</p> <p>Soil Distribution/Properties:</p> <p>Source: STATSGO, SSURGO, Harmonized World Soil Database</p> | <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp)</p> <p>Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model</p> <p>Function(s) Used: CO₂ Diffusion Dissolved Inorganic/Organic Carbon Loss Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp)</p> <p>Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP)</p> <p>Calc Method: Light Use Efficiency Model</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE)</p> <p>Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap)</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Relative Humidity Actual Evaporation (Evap)</p> <p>Other:</p> <p>Crop yields, water and wind erosion, complete carbon balance including soil carbon erosion, changes in soil properties, denitrification, fate of pesticides, impacts of climate change on crop yields and other environmental variables, and many other outputs.</p> |

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| <p>Variable depth Variable depth Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture Carbon Dependent</p> | | |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 16/Both Site and Region Model Acronym: ISOLSM Model Name: ISOLSM Institution Name: LBNL Institution URL: www.lbl.gov Contact Name: William J. Riley Contact E-mail: wriley@lbl.gov Cite as: Cooley, H. S., W. J. Riley, M. S. Torn, and Y. He (2005), Impact of agricultural practice on regional climate in a coupled land surface mesoscale model, <i>Journal of Geophysical Research-Atmospheres</i>, 110. Riley, W. J., C. J. Still, M. S. Torn, and J. A. Berry (2002), A mechanistic model of H218O and C18OO fluxes between ecosystems and the atmosphere: Model description and sensitivity analyses, <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i>, 16, 1095-1109. Riley, W. J., S. C. Biraud, M. S. Torn, M. L. Fischer, J. A. Berry, and D. Billesbach (2008), Inter-Annual Regional CO2 and Latent Heat Surface Fluxes in the Southern Great Plains: Measurements, Modeling, and Scaling, submitted to <i>JGR-Biogeosciences</i>. Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 250 Other: predictions at 250 m are aggregated to 10 km resolution Upper Left Lat: 38.4 Upper Left Lon: -99.5 Lower Right Lat: 34.9 Lower Right Lon: -95.5 Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Other Other: Output at 2-hourly Model Begin Date: 2003-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-01-01 Carbon Information Static Soil Pools: 1 soc Soil Layer Information Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: NEXRAD Temporal: Hourly Temperature: Source: Mesonet Temporal: Hourly Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: Mesonet Temporal: Hourly Wind Speed: Source: Mesonet Temporal: Hourly Solar Radiation: Source: Mesonet Temporal: Hourly NDVI: Source: MODIS Temporal: 16-day LAI: Source: derived from NDVI Temporal: 16-day Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Fixed Actual Source: Generated from archetypal LAI profiles Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: STATSGO</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) CO2 (CO2air) LAI Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Assumed Fraction of Instantaneous GPP Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp) Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: GPP - Ecosystem Respiration Function(s) Used: Using a modified version of LSM1 (see details in Bonan 1996) Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Soil Texture Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Irrigation Hydraulic Redistribution Water Table Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Other: The model simulates the entire energy and C balance, as well as vegetation and soil temperature, soil moisture</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 17/Region Model Acronym: VEGAS Model Name: VEgetation-Global-Atmosphere-Soil Institution Name: University of Maryland, College Park Institution URL: http://www.atmos.umd.edu/~cabo Contact Name: Dr. Ning Zeng Contact E-mail: zeng@atmos.umd.edu Cite as: Zeng, N., A. Mariotti, and P. Wetzel, 2005: Terrestrial mechanisms of interannual CO2 variability, <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i>, 19, GB1016, doi:10.1029/2004GB002273. Zeng, N., H. Qian, C. Roedenbeck, and M.</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: CRU and PRECL from CPC, NOAA Temporal: Monthly Temperature: Source: GISS Temporal: Monthly Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: CRU Climatology Temporal: Monthly Wind Speed: Source: CRU Climatology Temporal: Monthly Solar Radiation:</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Light Use Efficiency Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) CO2 (CO2air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated</p> |

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| <p>Heimann, 2005: Impact of 1998-2002 midlatitude drought and warming on terrestrial ecosystem and the global carbon cycle. <i>Geophys. Res. Lett.</i>, 32, L22709, doi:10.1029/2005GL024607</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 1 Grid: 360x180 Upper Left Lat: 90 Upper Left Lon: 0 Lower Right Lat: -90 Lower Right Lon: -0</p> <p>Temporal Information Model Begin Date: 1901-01-01 Model End Date: 2008-06-30</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 3 Leaf Wood Root</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 3 Fast Med Slow</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Annual Fraction of GPP/NPP Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) CO₂ (CO₂air)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 1 Simple Land model Soil Texture(s): a bucket model with 500mm maximum capacity</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Simulations</p> | <p>Source: ECMWF Temporal: Monthly Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Dynamic Source: Not Applicable (Dynamic) Soil Distribution/Properties:</p> | <p>Function(s) Used: Dissolved Inorganic/Organic Carbon Loss Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair)</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 19/Region Model Acronym: Biome-BGC Model Name: Biome-BGC Institution Name: Oregon State University Institution URL: Contact Name: David Turner Contact E-mail: david.turner@oregonstate.edu</p> <p>Cite as: 1. Thornton, P. E., Law, B. E., Gholz, H. L., Clark, K. L., Falge, E., Ellsworth, D. S., Goldstein, A. H., Monson, R. K., Hollinger, D., Falk, M., Chen, J., and Sparks, J. P.: Modeling and measuring the effects of disturbance history and climate on carbon and water budgets in evergreen needleleaf forests, <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i>, 113, 185-222, 2002. 2. Turner, D.P., Ritts, W.D., Law, B.E., Cohen, W.B., Yang, Z., Hudiburg, T., Campbell, J.L., Duane, M. 2007. Scaling net ecosystem production and net biome production over a heterogeneous region in the western United States. <i>Biogeosciences</i> 4:597-612.</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 1 Upper Left Lat: 46.35 Upper Left Lon: -124.83 Lower Right Lat: 41.77 Lower Right Lon: -116.79</p> <p>Temporal Information</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: DAYMET Temporal: Temperature: Source: DAYMET Temporal: Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: DAYMET Temporal: Solar Radiation: Source: DAYMET Temporal: Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Fixed Actual Source: NLCD Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: CONUS</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit CO₂ (CO₂air) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) LAI</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)</p> |

Temporal Resolution: **Yearly**
 Model Begin Date: **2000-01-01**
 Model End Date: **2002-01-01**
Carbon Information
 Dynamic Veg Pools: **4**
 leaves
 stems
 coarse roots
 fine roots
Leaf Information
 Calc Method: **Prognostic Canopy**
 Function(s) Used: **Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)**
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
 CO₂ (CO2air)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)
 Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)
 LAI
Disturbance Information
 Disturbances by Fires **From Observations**
 Disturbances by Crops **From Simulations**
 Disturbances by Harvests **From Observations**

(Regional Inputs NA)

Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)
Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
LAI
Net Primary Production (NPP)
 Calc Method: **Explicitly Calculated**
 Function(s) Used: **Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)**
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
 CO₂ (CO2air)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)
 LAI
Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE)
 Calc Method: **Explicitly Calculated**
 Function(s) Used: **Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)**
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
Total Evapotranspiration (Evap)
 Function(s) Used: **Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)**
 Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown)
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Function(s) Used: **Precipitation (Rain+Snow)**
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
 Actual Evaporation (Evap)

General Information
 Model ID/Extent: **21/Site**
 Model Acronym: **EDCM**
 Model Name: **Erosion Deposition Carbon Model**
 Institution Name: **USGS Earth Resources Observation and Science**
 Institution URL: **http://eros.usgs.gov/**
 Contact Name: **Dr. Shuguang Liu**
 Contact E-mail: **sliu@usgs.gov**
 Liu, S., N. Bliss, E. Sundquist and T. Huntington. 2003. Modelling carbon dynamics in vegetation and soil under the impact of soil erosion and deposition. Global Biogeochemical Cycles 17:1074, doi:10.1029/2002GB002010.
 Cite as:
Temporal Information
 Model Begin Date: **1000-01-01**
 Model End Date: **2100-12-31**
Carbon Information
 Dynamic Veg Pools: **9**
 leaf
 branch
 stem
 coarse roots
 fine roots
 litter
 dead branch
 dead stem
 dead coarse root
 Dynamic Soil Pools: **5**
 metabolic
 structural
 active
 slow
 passive
Leaf Information
 Calc Method: **Annual Fraction of GPP/NPP**
 Function(s) Used: **Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)**

(Regional Inputs NA)

Gross Primary Productivity (GPP)
 Calc Method: **Statistical**
Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp)
 Calc Method: **Explicitly Calculated**
 Function(s) Used: **Dissolved Inorganic/Organic Carbon Loss**
 Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)
Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp)
 Calc Method: **Proportional to Growth**
Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp)
 Calc Method: **Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)**
Net Primary Production (NPP)
 Calc Method: **Explicitly Calculated**
 Function(s) Used: **Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)**
 Precipitation (Rain+Snow)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)
 Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)
 LAI
Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE)
 Calc Method: **NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration**
Total Evapotranspiration (Evap)
 Function(s) Used: **Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)**
 Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)
 Soil Texture

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| <p>Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Actual Evaporation (Evap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) LAI</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 10</p> <p>flexible flexible flexible flexible flexible flexible flexible flexible flexible flexible flexible</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture Texture Classes Carbon Dependent variable soil layer thickness</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Observations Disturbances by Uses From Observations Disturbances by Crops From Observations Disturbances by Disasters From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Observations Disturbances by Pests From Observations</p> | | <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff</p> <p>Subsurface Drainage Irrigation Organic Matter Content Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 22/Site Model Acronym: DNDC Model Name: DeNitrification-DeComposition model Institution Name: Complex Systems Research Center, University of New Hampshire Institution URL: http://www.dndc.sr.unh.edu/ Contact Name: Christina Tonitto Contact E-mail: ct244@cornell.edu Li C., Frolking S., Frolking T.A. 1992. A model of nitrous oxide evolution from soil driven by rainfall events: 1. Model structure and sensitivity. Journal of Geophysical Research 97:9759-9776.</p> <p>Cite as:</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Daily Model Begin Date: 1992-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 3 grain shoot root</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 9 very labile litter labile litter resistant litter humads humus microbes urea NH₄ NO₃</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 10</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Light Use Efficiency Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) fPAR</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Anaerobic Decay (Methane Production) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) root age</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp) Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)</p> |

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| <p>0-10 cm 10-20 cm 20-30 cm 30-40 cm 40-50 cm 50-60 cm 60-70 cm 70-80 cm 80-90 cm 90-100 cm</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture Texture Classes</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Crops From Observations Disturbances by Disasters From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Observations Disturbances by Pests From Observations</p> | | <p>Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) rPAR</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Subsurface Drainage Hydraulic Redistribution Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> <p>Other: N gas flux (N2, N2O, NO), NO3 leaching</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 23/Site Model Acronym: ED Model Name: Ecosystem Demography Model (v2.1) Institution Name: Harvard University Institution URL: www.esm.harvard.edu Contact Name: Paul Moorcroft (PI) and Mike Dietze (contact for intercomparison) Contact E-mail: mdietze@illinois.edu Cite as: Moorcroft, PR, Hurtt, GC, and Pacala, SW (2001). A method for scaling vegetation dynamics: the ecosystem demography model (ED) Ecological Monographs 74:557-586.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Other Other: essentially instantaneous (adaptive runga-kutta integration, always <4min) Model Begin Date: 1991-06-01 Model End Date: 2007-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 9 Early Successional Hardwood Northern Mid-successional Hardwood Southern Mid-successional Hardwood Late Successional Hardwood Southern Pine Northern Pine Mid-successional Conifer Late Successional Conifer Hydric and Evergreen Dynamic Soil Pools: 3 Litter/fast-soil carbon structural soil carbon slow soil carbon Static Soil Pools: 1 passive soil carbon</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) CO2 (CO2air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) LAI</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) GPP</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap)</p> |

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| <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 9 0-5cm 5-10cm 10-20cm 20-40cm 40-60cm 60-80cm 80-100cm 100-150cm 150-200cm</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Texture Classes</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Simulations Disturbances by Uses From Observations Disturbances by Disasters From Simulations Disturbances by Harvests From Observations</p> | | <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Soil Texture</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Water Table Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Actual Evaporation (Evap) lateral subsurface flow</p> <p>Other: Stand/Patch level (fast time step): canopy leaf temperature, surface roughness, sensible heat, albedo, soil nitrogen, instantaneous canopy carbon and water fluxes, soil temperature profile, snow mass and density (3 layers), surface runoff, subsurface lateral flow, subsurface drainage, root, leaf, stem, growth, and maintenance respiration Tree level (slow time step): continuous distribution of tree sizes (DBH, biomass, height) and foliage (mass, LAI) within a stand/patch by functional type Landscape level: continuous distribution of stand ages and compositions across the landscape as a function of subgrid variation in elevation, slope, aspect, soil texture, and topographic moisture.</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 26/Both Site and Region Model Acronym: Can-IBIS Model Name: Canadian Integrated Biosphere Simulator Institution Name: Natural Resources Canada, Northern Forestry Centre. Institution URL: http://nofc.cfs.nrcan.gc.ca/climate/en/index_e.html Contact Name: David Price Contact E-mail: dprice@nrcan.gc.ca Still working on this. See: El Maayar, M., Price, D.T., Black, T.A., Humphreys, E.R., Jork, E-M., 2002. Sensitivity tests of the Integrated Biosphere Simulator (IBIS) to soil and vegetation characteristics in a Pacific Coastal coniferous forest. Atmosphere-Ocean 40(3), 313-332. Foley, J.A., Prentice, I.C., Ramankutty, N., Levis, S., Pollard, D., Sitch, S., Haxeltine, A., 1996. An integrated biosphere model of land surface processes, terrestrial carbon balance, and vegetation dynamics, Glob. Biogeochem. Cycles, 10 (4), 603-623. Kucharik, C., Barford, C., El Maayar, M., Wofsy, S.C., Monson, R.K., Baldocchi, D.D., 2006. Evaluation of a Dynamic Global Vegetation Model (DGVM) at the forest stand-level: vegetation structure, phenology, and seasonal and inter-annual CO2 and H2O vapor exchange at three AmeriFlux Ameriflux study sites. Ecol. Modelling 196, 1-31.</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Other Other: Can use Lat/Lon or Lambert Conformal Conic or others Spatial Resolution: 100 Other: 100 m (site level); 10 km LCC, or 0.08333 degree Lat/Lon Grid: 100000+ Upper Left Lat: 85 Upper Left Lon: -170 Lower Right Lat: 25</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: Canadian Forest Service spatial data; Fluxnet EC tower data for point-based sims Temporal: Temperature: Source: Canadian Forest Service spatial data; Fluxnet EC tower data for point-based sims Temporal: Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: Canadian Forest Service spatial data; Fluxnet EC tower data for point-based sims Temporal: Wind Speed: Source: Canadian Forest Service spatial data; Fluxnet EC tower data for point-based sims Temporal: Solar Radiation: Source: Canadian Forest Service spatial data; Fluxnet EC tower data for point-based sims Temporal: Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Dynamic Source: Not Applicable (Dynamic) Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: Canadian Soil Landscapes of Canada, STATSGO (Alaska) VEMAP2 (continental USA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit Actual Evaporation (Evap) CO2 (CO2air) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)</p> |

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| <p>Lower Right Lon: -52</p> <p>Temporal Information</p> <p>Temporal Resolution: Other</p> <p>Other: Can be half-hourly</p> <p>Model Begin Date: 1901-01-01</p> <p>Model End Date: 2100-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information</p> <p>Dynamic Veg Pools: 3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wood (including coarse roots) Foliage Fine roots <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 7</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leaf litter Wood litter Leaf litter Fineroot litter Fine root litter Woody litter Microbial biomass <p>Steady State Span: 16010101 - 19001231</p> <p>Steady State Initial: 1901-01-01</p> <p>Leaf Information</p> <p>Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit Actual Evaporation (Evap) CO₂ (CO2air) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) <p>Soil Layer Information</p> <p>Soil Layers: 7</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 to 0.1 m 0.1 to 0.25 m 0.25 to 0.5 m 0.5 to 1.0 m 1.0 to 2.0 m 2.0 to 4.0 m 4.0 to 8.0 m <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Texture Classes <p>Disturbance Information</p> <p>Disturbances by Fires From Observations</p> <p>Other Disturbances: Model can also simulate fire from climate and veg conditions but not very well!</p> | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Soil Texture <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subsurface Drainage Organic Matter Content Hydraulic Redistribution Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) <p>Other:</p> <p>Depth of soil-freezing; Vegetation composition (combination of Plant Functional Types, weighted by LAI); Stemwood biomass for each of broadleaved and needleleaved PFTs</p> |
| <p>General Information</p> <p>Model ID/Extent: 27/Both Site and Region</p> <p>Model Acronym: SiBcrop</p> <p>Model Name: Simple Biosphere Model with crop phenology</p> <p>Institution Name: Colorado State University</p> <p>Institution URL:</p> <p>Contact Name: Erandi Lokupitiya, Scott Denning, and Keith Paustian</p> <p>Contact E-mail: erandi@atmos.colostate.edu</p> <p>Cite as: Lokupitiya, E., Denning, S., Paustian, K., Baker, I., Schaefer, K., Verma, S., Meyers, T., Bernacchi, C., Suyker, A., and M. Fischer. 2009. Incorporation of crop phenology in Simple Biosphere Model</p> | <p>Precipitation:</p> <p>Source:</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Temperature:</p> <p>Source:</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Wind Speed:</p> <p>Source:</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>Solar Radiation:</p> <p>Source:</p> <p>Temporal:</p> <p>LAI:</p> <p>Source: simulated</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP)</p> <p>Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model</p> <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) LAI fPAR <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp)</p> <p>Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated</p> |

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Temporal Information
 Temporal Resolution: Hourly
 Model Begin Date: 2000-01-01
 Model End Date: 2007-12-31

Carbon Information
 Dynamic Veg Pools: 2
 foliage
 finroot
 Static Veg Pools: 2
 coarse root
 stem
 Dynamic Soil Pools: 8
 coarse and dead wood detritus
 surface structural
 surface metabolic
 fine root structural litter
 fine root metabolic
 surface microbial
 soil microbial
 slow
 Static Soil Pools: 1
 passive
 Steady State Span: 1800001-19000101
 Steady State Initial: 1900-01-01

Leaf Information
 Calc Method: LAI Specified with Remotely Sensed Product
 Function(s) Used: CO₂ (CO₂air)
 Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)
 Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit)
 LAI

Soil Layer Information
 Soil Layers: 3
 upper root zone
 lower root zone
 below root zone
 Soil Texture(s): Texture Classes

Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)
 GPP
Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp)
 Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)
Net Primary Production (NPP)
 Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration
Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE)
 Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration
Total Evapotranspiration (Evap)
 Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)
 Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Precipitation (Rain+Snow)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown)
 Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown)
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
 Actual Evaporation (Evap)
 Soil Texture
Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Function(s) Used: Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay)
 Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)
 Vapor Pressure Deficit
 Actual Evaporation (Evap)

General Information
 Model ID/Extent: 30/Site
 Model Acronym: daycent
 Model Name: daycent
 Institution Name: USDA ARS SPNR
 Institution URL: http://www.nrel.colostate.edu/projects/century/
 Contact Name: William Parton
 Contact E-mail: billp@nrel.colostate.edu
 Del Grosso, S.J., Parton, W.J., Mosier, A.R., Hartman, M.D., Brenner, J., Ojima, D.S., Schimel, D.S. 2001. Simulated interaction of carbon dynamics and nitrogen trace gas fluxes using the DAYCENT model. In: Schaffer, M., et al. (Eds.), *Modeling Carbon and Nitrogen Dynamics for Soil Management*, p. 303-332, CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida, USA. Del Grosso, S.J., W.J. Parton, A.R. Mosier, M.K. Walsh, D.S. Ojima, P.E. Thornton. 2006. DAYCENT national scale simulations of N₂O emissions from cropped soils in the USA. *Journal of Environmental Quality*, 35:1451-1460 DOI: 10.2134/jeq2005.0160.

Temporal Information
 Temporal Resolution: Daily

(Regional Inputs NA)

Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp)
 Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated
 Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Precipitation (Rain+Snow)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)
Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp)
 Calc Method: Proportional to Growth
Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp)
 Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)
Net Primary Production (NPP)
 Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated
 Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)
 Soil Temperature (SoilTmp)
 Precipitation (Rain+Snow)
 Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)
 Actual Evaporation (Evap)
 Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)
 Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)
 Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)
 LAI

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| <p>Model Begin Date: 1900-01-01 Model End Date: 2008-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 5 fine roots coarse roots branches large wood leaves</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 3 active slow passive</p> <p>Steady State Span: 10000101 Steady State Initial: 1899-12-31</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 10 0-2 2-5 5-10 10-30 30-45 45-60 60-75 75-90 90-105 105-120</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Texture Classes</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Simulations Disturbances by Uses From Simulations Disturbances by Crops From Simulations Disturbances by Disasters From Simulations Disturbances by Harvests From Simulations Disturbances by Pests From Simulations</p> | | <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Irrigation Water Table Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 31/Site Model Acronym: EDCM Model Name: Erosion- Deposition- Carbon-Model Institution Name: USGS EROS Institution URL: http://edcintl.cr.usgs.gov/carbon_cycle/BiogeochemicalModelingResearch.php Contact Name: Shuguang Liu Contact E-mail: shuguangliusliu@usgs.gov Cite as: Liu, S., N. Bliss, et al. (2003). "Modeling carbon dynamics in vegetation and soil under the impact of soil erosion and deposition." Global Biogeochemical Cycles 17(2): 1074, doi:10.1029/2002GB002010.</p> <p>Temporal Information Model Begin Date: 1970-01-01 Model End Date: 2008-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 8 grain (for crop and grass) shoot carbon(for crop and grass) root carbon(for crop and grass) leaf carbon(for forest and shrub) fine roots carbon(for forest and shrub) fine branches carbon (for forest and shrub) large wood carbon (for forest and shrub) coarse roots carbon (for forest and shrub)</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 5 metabolic structural active slow</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: NEP</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Subsurface Drainage Irrigation Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> |

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| <p>passive</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Annual Fraction of GPP/NPP Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 10 0-20 20-40 40-60 60-80 80-100 100-120 120-140 140-160 160-180 180-200</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Texture Classes</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Observations Disturbances by Uses From Observations Disturbances by Crops From Observations Disturbances by Disasters From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Simulations Disturbances by Pests From Observations</p> | | |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 32/Site Model Acronym: CN-CLASS Model Name: C &N Canadian Land Surface Scheme Institution Name: McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada Institution URL: http://www.science.mcmaster.ca/geo/faculty/arain/ Contact Name: M. Altaf Arain Contact E-mail: arainm@mcmaster.ca Arain, M.A., Yaun F., Black T.A., 2006: Soil-plant nitrogen cycling modulated carbon exchanges in a western temperate conifer forest in Canada. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology 140:171-192. DOI: 10.1016/j.agrformet.2006.03.02. Arain, M.A., Black T.A., Barr A.G., Jarvis, P.G., Massheder J.M., Verseghy D.L. and Nestic Z., 2002: Effects of seasonal and interannual climate variability on net ecosystem productivity of boreal deciduous and conifer forests. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 32: 878-891.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Half-hourly Model Begin Date: 1998-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 4 Leaf Stem Root Non-structural reservoir</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 3 Litter Short-lived SOM Stable SOM</p> <p>Steady State Span: 19900101 Steady State Initial: 1998-01-01</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 3</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) CO₂ (CO2air) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) LAI</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Assumed Fraction of Instanteous GPP</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: Assumed Fraction of Instanteous GPP</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: GPP - Ecosystem Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Ball-Woodrow-Berry formulation with sensitivity to soil water availability,</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Organic Matter Content Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown)</p> |

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| <p>0-10 cm 10-25 cm 25-365 cm Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> | | <p>Specific Humidity (Qair)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 33/Site Model Acronym: TECO Model Name: Terrestrial ECOSystem model Institution Name: University of Oklahoma Institution URL: http://bomi.ou.edu/luo/ Contact Name: Yiqi Luo Contact E-mail: yluo@ou.edu Cite as: Weng, Ensheng, Luo, Yiqi, 2008. Soil hydrological properties regulate grassland ecosystem responses to multifactor global change: a modeling analysis. Journal of Geophysical Research – Biogeosciences. doi:10.1029/2007JG000539.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Hourly Model Begin Date: 2009-01-01 Model End Date: 2009-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 3 Leaves Woody Fine Roots Dynamic Soil Pools: 5 Metabolic Litter Structural Litter Fast soil organic matter (SOM) Slow SOM Passive SOM</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 10 10cm 10cm 10cm 10cm 10cm 20cm 20cm 20cm 20cm 20cm 20cm 20cm Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit CO₂ (CO2air) Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp) Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: GPP - Ecosystem Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Evaporation + Transpiration Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Other: The temporal coverage depends on input data</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 34/Region Model Acronym: EC-MOD Model Name: Carbon Fluxes Derived from Eddy Covariance and MODIS Data Institution Name: Penn State Institution URL: http://www.personal.psu.edu/jux11 Contact Name: Jingfeng Xiao Contact E-mail: jing@psu.edu Cite as: 1. Xiao, J., Zhuang, Q., Law, B.E., Chen, J., Baldocchi, D.D., Cook, D.R., Oren, R., Richardson, A.D., Wharton, S., Ma, S., Martin, T.A., Verma, S.B., Suyker, A.E., Scott, R.L., Monson, R.K., Litvak, M., Hollinger, D.Y., Sun, G., Davis, K.J., Bolstad, P.V., Burns, S.P., Curtis, P.S.,</p> | <p>EVI: Source: MODIS Temporal: LAI: Source: MODIS Temporal: Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Fixed Actual Source: IGBP (MOD12.Q1)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Statistical Function(s) Used: LAI EVI LSWI Land surface temperature (LST) Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: EVI LSWI Land surface temperature (LST), Surface Reflectance</p> |

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| <p>Drake, B.G., Falk, M., Fischer, M.L., Foster, D.R., Gu, L., 2008. A continuous measure of gross primary productivity for the conterminous U.S. derived from MODIS and AmeriFlux data. <i>Global Change Biology</i>, under review. 2. Xiao, J., Zhuang, Q., Baldocchi, D.D., Law, B.E., Richardson, A.D., Chen, J., Oren, R., Starr, G., Noormets, A., Ma, S., Verma, S.B., Wharton, S., Wofsy, S.C., Bolstad, P.V., Burns, S.P., Cook, D.R., Curtis, P.S., Drake, B.G., Falk, M., M.L. Fischer, D.R. Foster, L. Gu, J.L. Hadley, D.Y. Hollinger, G.G. Katul, M. Litvak, T.A. Martin, R. Matamala, McNulty, S., Meyers, T.P., Monson, R.K., Munger, J.W., Oechel, W.C., Paw U, K.T., Schmid, H.P., Scott, R.L., Sun, G., Suyker, A.E., Torn, M.S., 2008. Estimation of net ecosystem carbon exchange for the conterminous United States by combining MODIS and AmeriFlux data. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i>, 148 (11), 1827-1847.</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 1 Upper Left Lat: 60 Upper Left Lon: -180 Lower Right Lat: 20 Lower Right Lon: -42.6</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Weekly Model Begin Date: 2000-03-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-31</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires: From Observations Disturbances by Crops: From Observations Disturbances by Disasters: From Observations Other Disturbances: hurricanes</p> | | |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 36/Region Model Acronym: EC-LUE Model Name: Eddy Covariance-Light Use Efficiency U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Institution Name: Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Cen Institution URL: Contact Name: Shuguang Liu Contact E-mail: sliu@usgs.gov Yuan W, Liu S, Zhou G, Zhou G, Tieszen LL, Baldocchi D, Bernhofer C, Gholz H, Goldstein AH, Goulden ML, Hollinger DY, Hu Y, Law BE, Stoy PC, Vesala T, Wofsy SC. 2007. Cite as: Deriving a light use efficiency model from eddy covariance flux data for predicting daily gross primary production across biomes. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i>, 143: 189-207.</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: UTM Spatial Resolution: 1 Grid: 8880 Upper Left Lat: 84 Upper Left Lon: -170 Lower Right Lat: 10 Lower Right Lon: -50</p> <p>Temporal Information Model Begin Date: 2004-01-01 Model End Date: 2005-12-31</p> | <p>Temperature: Source: GMAO/DAO Temporal: 3-hourly Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: GMAO/DAO Temporal: 3-hourly Solar Radiation: Source: GMAO/DAO Temporal: 3-hourly NDVI: Source: MODIS Temporal: 8-day LAI: Source: Temporal: 8-day Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Fixed Actual Source: Model parameters of EC-LUE are invariant across various vegetation types.</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Light Use Efficiency Model Function(s) Used: Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Relative Humidity Actual Evaporation (Evap) LAI NDVI</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 37/Both Site and Region Model Acronym: ISAM Model Name: Integrated Science Assessment Model Institution Name: University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: NARR Temporal: Temperature: Source: NARR</p> | <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)</p> |

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| <p>Institution URL: Contact Name: Atul Jain Contact E-mail: jain@atmos.uiuc.edu Jain, A.K. and X. Yang (2005): Modeling the Effects of Two Different Land Cover Change Data Sets on the Carbon Stocks of Plants and Soils in Concert With CO2 and Climate Change, Global Biogeochemical Cycles, 19, GB2015, doi:10.1029/2004GB002349 Yang, X. A.K. Jain, W.M. Post, 2008, Integration of nitrogen dynamics in a global ecosystem model, Global Biogeochemical Cycles (submitted). Paper can be downloaded from the following website http://climate.atmos.uiuc.edu /YangEtAl_GBC2009.pdf</p> <p>Cite as:</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 0.5 Grid: 10536 Upper Left Lat: 84 Upper Left Lon: -170 Lower Right Lat: 10 Lower Right Lon: -50</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Weekly Model Begin Date: 2001-01-01 Model End Date: 2007-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 5 Non-Woody Tree Parts Aboveground Woody Tree Parts Tree Roots Ground Vegetation Foliage Ground Vegetation Roots</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 8 Above Ground Metabolic Litter Above Ground Structural Litter Above Ground Microbial Soil Young Humus Soil Below Ground Decomposable Litter Below Ground Resistent Litter Below Ground Microbial soil Stabilized Humus Soil</p> <p>Steady State Initial: 1765-01-01</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 1 rooting depth</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Uses From Observations</p> | <p>Temporal: Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Fixed Actual Source: Lowland and Belward (1997) and Haxeltine and Prentice (1996)</p> <p>Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: FAO (Zobler)</p> | <p>Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) Soil Texture Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 38/Region Model Acronym: LPJmL Model Name: LPJ Managed Lands Institution Name: Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research Institution URL: www.pik-potsdam.de Contact Name: Ben Poulter Contact E-mail: ben.poulter@pik-potsdam.de Gerten, D, S Schaphoff, U Haberlandt, W Lucht, and S Sitch. 2004. Terrestrial vegetation and water balance - hydrological evaluation of a dynamic global vegetation model. Journal of Hydrology 286:249-270. Sitch, S, B Smith, IC Prentice, A Arneeth, A Bondeau, W Cramer, JO Kaplan, S Lewis, W Lucht, MT Sykes, K Thonicke, and S Venevsky. 2003. Evaluation of ecosystem dynamics, plant geography and terrestrial carbon cycling in the LPJ dynamic global vegetation model. Global Change Biology 9:161-185.</p> <p>Cite as:</p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: CRU 2006 Temporal: Monthly</p> <p>Temperature: Source: CRU 2006 Temporal: Monthly</p> <p>Solar Radiation: Source: CRU 2006 (clouds) Temporal: Monthly</p> <p>Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Dynamic</p> <p>Soil Distribution/Properties: Source: FAO (Zobler)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDdown) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO2 (CO2air) fPAR</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA)</p> |

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| <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 0.5 Upper Left Lat: 0 Upper Left Lon: 0 Lower Right Lat: 0 Lower Right Lon: 0</p> <p>Temporal Information Model Begin Date: 1901-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-01</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 3 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sapwood Heartwood Foliage Dynamic Soil Pools: 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intermediate Slow Steady State Span: 19010101-19301201</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Upper Lower Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Simulations</p> | | <p>Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotropic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) Soil Texture</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> <p>Other: Fire carbon emissions</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 39/Both Site and Region Model Acronym: ORCHIDEE Model Name: ORganizing Carbon and Hydrology In Dynamic EcosystEms Institution Name: IPSL Institution URL: http://orchidee.ipsl.jussieu.fr/ Contact Name: Nicolas Viovy Contact E-mail: viovy@lsce.ipsl.fr</p> <p>Cite as: Krinner, G., Viovy, N., Noblet-Ducoudre, N. de, Ogee, J., Polcher, J., Friedlingstein, P., Ciais, P., Sitch, S., et Prentice, I. C (2005). A dynamic global vegetation model for studies of the coupled atmosphere-biosphere system. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i>, 19(1), GB1015.</p> <p>Spatial Information Spatial Projection: Lat Lon Spatial Resolution: 0.5 Grid: 148x241 Upper Left Lat: 83.5 Upper Left Lon: -170 Lower Right Lat: 10 Lower Right Lon: -50</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Other Other: Monthly but higher temporal (up to hourly) resolution available on short period Model Begin Date: 1991-01-01 Model End Date: 2008-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> leaf fine roots heartwood below heartwood above sapwood below sapwood above </p> | <p>Precipitation: Source: CRU-NCEP combinaison Temporal:</p> <p>Temperature: Source: CRU-NCEP combinaison Temporal:</p> <p>Humidity: (Relative, Specific, or Vapor Pressure Deficit) Source: CRU-NCEP combinaison Temporal:</p> <p>Wind Speed: Source: CRU-NCEP combinaison Temporal:</p> <p>Solar Radiation: Source: CRU-NCEP combinaison Temporal:</p> <p>Vegetation Distribution/Properties: Type: Fixed Actual Source: dynamic land use change based on Ramankutty and Hyde</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity CO2 (CO2air) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) leaf age</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotropic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotropic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: GPP - Ecosystem Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay)</p> |

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| <p>Dynamic Soil Pools:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> fruit carbohydrate reserves 8 metabolic litter above metabolic litter below structural litter above structural litter below coarse woody litter active soil carbon slow soil carbon passive soil carbon <p>Steady State Span: 2000 years based on 1901-1910 clima</p> <p>Steady State Initial: 1901-01-01</p> <p>Leaf Information</p> <p>Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy</p> <p>Function(s) Used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit CO₂ (CO₂air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) <p>Soil Layer Information</p> <p>Disturbance Information</p> <p>Disturbances by Uses From Observations</p> <p>Disturbances by Harvests From Simulations</p> | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) <p>Other:</p> <p>Exported biomass from land use, soil and vegetation carbon pools, sensible heat flux, surface temperature, forcing climate parameters</p> |
| <p>General Information</p> <p>Model ID/Extent: 40/Site</p> <p>Model Acronym: ISAM</p> <p>Model Name: Integrated Science Assessment Model</p> <p>Institution Name: University of Illinois</p> <p>Institution URL: http://climate.atmos.uiuc.edu/atuljain</p> <p>Contact Name: Atul Jain</p> <p>Contact E-mail: jain1@uiuc.edu</p> <p>Cite as:</p> <p>Yang, X., V. Wittig, A. Jain, W. Post, 2009: Integration of Nitrogen Dynamics into a Global Terrestrial Ecosystem Model, Global Biogeochemical Cycles, doi:10.1029/2009GB003519 (in press).</p> <p>Jain, A. K., X. Yang, H. Kheshgi, A.D. McGuire, W.P. Post, Kicklighter, 2009: Nitrogen Attenuation of Terrestrial Carbon Cycle Response to Global Environmental Factors, Global Biogeochemical Cycles, doi:10.1029/2009GB003519 (in press).</p> <p>Temporal Information</p> <p>Temporal Resolution: Half-hourly</p> <p>Model Begin Date: 1900-01-01</p> <p>Model End Date: 2007-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information</p> <p>Dynamic Veg Pools: 5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ground vegetation foliage ground vegetation root non-woody tree parts above ground woody parts tree roots <p>Leaf Information</p> <p>Calc Method: LAI Specified with Remotely Sensed Product</p> <p>Function(s) Used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP)</p> <p>Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model</p> <p>Function(s) Used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) LAI <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp)</p> <p>Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated</p> <p>Function(s) Used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp)</p> <p>Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA)</p> <p>Function(s) Used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) |

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| <p>Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) Soil Nitrogen (TotSoilNit) Leaf Nitrogen (TotLeafNit) LAI</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 10 1.75 cm 2.76 cm 4.55 cm 7.5 cm 12.36 cm 20.38 cm 33.6 cm 55.4 cm 91.3 cm 111.37 cm</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture Carbon Dependent</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Fires From Observations Disturbances by Uses From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Observations</p> | | <p>GPP Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp) Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) Soil Texture</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Hydraulic Redistribution Water Table Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Actual Evaporation (Evap) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 41/Site Model Acronym: SSI_{B2} Model Name: Simplified Simple Biosphere Model Institution Name: Princeton University Institution URL: Contact Name: Alok Sahoo Contact E-mail: aksahoo2004@gmail.com</p> <p>Cite as: Xue, Y., P. J. Sellers, J.L. Kinter III, and J. Shukla, 1991: A simplified biosphere model for global climate studies. J. Climate, 4, 345-364. Xue, Y., F. J. Zeng, and C.A. Schlosser, 1996: SSI_B and its sensitivity to soil properties --- a case study using HAPEX-Mobilhy data. Global & Planetary Change, 13, 183-194. Zhan, X., Yongkang Xue, G. J. Collatz, 2003: An analytical approach for estimating CO₂ and heat fluxes over the Amazonian region. Ecological Modeling, 162, 97-117.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Half-hourly Model Begin Date: 1973-01-01 Model End Date: 2007-12-31</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 3 0-2 cm 3-150 cm 151-350 cm</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity CO₂ (CO₂air) LAI fPAR</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity CO₂ (CO₂air) LAI fPAR</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit Soil Texture</p> |

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| | | <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Water Vapor Diffusion through Soil Hydraulic Redistribution Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Actual Evaporation (Evap)</p> <p>Other: snow water equivalent, soil temperature, canopy temperature, sensible heat flux, momentum flux.</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 43/Site Model Acronym: Agro-IBIS Model Name: Agricultural version of the Integrated Biosphere Simulator Institution Name: University of Wisconsin-Madison Institution URL: N/A Contact Name: Chris Kucharik Contact E-mail: kucharik@wisc.edu Cite as: Kucharik, C.J. and T.E. Twine (2007). Residue, respiration, and residuals: Evaluation of a dynamic agroecosystem model using eddy flux measurements and biometric data. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology 146, 134-158, doi:10.1016/j.agrformet.2007.05.011. Kucharik, C.J. (2003). Evaluation of a process-based agro-ecosystem model (Agro-IBIS) across the U.S. cornbelt: simulations of the inter-annual variability in maize yield. Earth Interactions 7, 1-33.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Half-hourly Model Begin Date: 1990-01-01 Model End Date: 2007-01-01</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 4 leaf carbon stem carbon root carbon grain carbon (crops)</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 7 decomposable plant material resistant plant material structural plant material microbial biomass protected organic matter (slow C pool) non-protected organic matter (slow C pool) stabilized soil organic matter (passive C pool)</p> <p>Steady State Span: 18500101-19791231 Steady State Initial: 1980-01-01</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vapor Pressure Deficit Actual Evaporation (Evap) CO₂ (CO₂air) LAI rPAR</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Soil Texture</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Subsurface Drainage Irrigation Organic Matter Content</p> |

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| <p>CO₂ (CO₂air) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 11 0-5 cm 5-10 cm 10-20 cm 20-30 cm 30-40 cm 40-60 cm 60-80 cm 80-100 cm 100- 150 cm 150-200 cm 200-250 cm</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture Texture Classes</p> <p>Disturbance Information Disturbances by Crops From Observations Disturbances by Harvests From Observations</p> | | <p>Hydraulic Redistribution Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair)</p> <p>Other: crop yield; harvest index; nitrogen uptake by crops; nitrogen leaching;</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 44/Site Model Acronym: TRIPLEX-Flux Model Name: TRIPLEX-Flux Institution Name: University of Quebec at Montreal Institution URL: www.crc.uqam.ca Contact Name: Changhui Peng Contact E-mail: peng.changhui@uqam.ca</p> <p>Cite as: 1) Zhou, X., Peng, C., Dang, Q.-L., Sun, J., Wu, H. and Hua, D., (2008) Simulating carbon exchange in Canadian Boreal forests: I. Model structure, validation, and sensitivity analysis. <i>Ecol Model</i>, 219:287-299. 2) Sun, J., Peng, C., McCaughey, H., Zhou, X., Thomas, V., Berninger, F., St-Onge, B. and Hua, D., (2008) Simulating carbon exchange of Canadian boreal forests: II. Comparing the carbon budgets of a boreal mixedwood stand to a black spruce forest stand. <i>Ecol Model</i>, 219:276-286.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Half-hourly Model Begin Date: 1992-01-01 Model End Date: 2006-12-31</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Potential Evaporation (PotEvap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) LAI fPAR</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: First or Greater Order Model</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Assumed Fraction of Annual GPP</p> <p>Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp)</p> <p>Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: Assumed Fraction of Instantaneous GPP</p> <p>Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: GPP - Ecosystem Respiration</p> <p>Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Vapor Pressure Deficit</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Vapor Pressure Deficit</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 45/Site Model Acronym: LoTEC Model Name: Local Terrestrial Ecosystem Carbon Institution Name: Oak Ridge National Laboratory Institution URL: Contact Name: Anthony King Contact E-mail: kingaw@ornl.gov Hanson PJ, Amthor JS, Wullschlegel SD et al. (2004) Oak forest carbon and water 7 simulations: model intercomparisons and evaluations against independent data. 8 <i>Ecological Monographs</i>, 74, 443-489.</p> <p>Cite as:</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Half-hourly Model Begin Date: 1991-01-01 Model End Date: 2009-12-31</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 4 Stem carbon Leaf carbon</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Enzyme Kinetic Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity CO₂ (CO₂air)</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated Function(s) Used: Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Soil Carbon (TotSoilCarb or some component)</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated (e.g. SiBCASA) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Temperature (SoilTmp) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist)</p> |

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| <p>Coarse root carbon Fine root carbon</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 4 DPM (decomposable plant materials) RPM (resistant plant materials) Microbial biomass Humus</p> <p>Static Soil Pools: 1 Inert organic matter</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature)</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Layers: 14 0-5cm 5-10cm 10-15cm 15-20cm 20-25cm 25-30cm 30-40cm 40-50cm 50-75cm 75-100cm 100-150cm 150-200cm 200-300cm 300-400cm</p> <p>Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture</p> | | <p>Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) GPP Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp) Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Relative Humidity Soil Texture Note: only includes transpiration and evaporation of canopy water Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Subsurface Drainage Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Precipitation (Rain+Snow)</p> |
| <p>General Information Model ID/Extent: 46/Site Model Acronym: LM3V Model Name: Dynamic Vegetation Land Model LM3V Institution Name: Princeton University Institution URL: Contact Name: Ni Golaz Contact E-mail: ngolaz@princeton.edu Shevliakova, E., S. W. Pacala, S. Malyshev, G. C. Hurtt, P. C. D. Milly, J. P. Caspersen, L. T. Sentman, J. P. Fisk, C. Wirth and C. Crevoisier, 2009, Carbon cycling under 300 years of land use change: Importance of the secondary vegetation sink: Global Biogeochem. Cycles, v. 23, p. GB2022, doi:10.1029/2007/GB003176.</p> <p>Temporal Information Temporal Resolution: Other Other: 3-hourly with some variables half-hourly Model Begin Date: 0000-00-00 Model End Date: 0000-00-00</p> <p>Carbon Information Dynamic Veg Pools: 5 leaf biomass virtual leaf biomass root biomass sapwood biomass heartwood biomass</p> <p>Dynamic Soil Pools: 2 intermediate pool of fast soil carbon intermediate pool of slow soil carbon</p> <p>Leaf Information Calc Method: Prognostic Canopy Function(s) Used: Specific Humidity (Qair) LAI Other(s) (please specify):</p> <p>Soil Layer Information Soil Texture(s): Variable Texture Bucket model with one bucket</p> <p>Disturbance Information</p> | <p>(Regional Inputs NA)</p> | <p>Gross Primary Productivity (GPP) Calc Method: Stomatal Conductance Model Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Actual Evaporation (Evap) CO₂ (CO₂air) Vegetation Carbon (TotLivCarb or some component) LAI Farquhar photosynthesis with water limit, light limit and enzyme limit</p> <p>Heterotrophic Respiration (HeteroResp) Calc Method: Explicitly Calculated</p> <p>Autotrophic Respiration (AutoResp) Ecosystem Respiration (EcoResp=AutoResp+HeteroResp) Calc Method: Autotrophic Respiration+Heterotrophic Respiration (EcoResp) Net Primary Production (NPP) Calc Method: GPP - Autotrophic Respiration Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) Calc Method: NPP - Heterotrophic Respiration Total Evapotranspiration (Evap) Function(s) Used: Air Temperature (Tair - Near surface temperature) Precipitation (Rain+Snow) Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Surface Incident Shortwave Radiation (SWDown) Surface Incident Longwave Radiation (LWDown) Specific Humidity (Qair) Soil Texture</p> <p>Soil Moisture (SoilMoist) Function(s) Used: Surface Runoff Soil Texture (sand, silt, clay) Specific Humidity (Qair)</p> |

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| Disturbances by Fires | From Simulations | | |
| Other Disturbances: | Natural mortality is simulated. Model has landuse but not used in site-synthesi | | |